## (Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1)

## İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri Anonim Şirketi

Financial Statements
As at and for the year ended
31 December 2010

## With Independent Auditors' Report

(Convenience Translation of Financial Statements and Related Disclosures and Footnotes Originally Issued in Turkish, See Note 2.1)

Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik Anonim Şirketi

9 March 2011

This report contains the "Independent Auditors' Report'' comprising 2 pages and the "Financial Statements and Their Explanatory Notes" comprising 49 pages.

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

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### Convenience Translation of the Auditors' Report Originally Prepared and Issued in Turkish (See *Note 2.1*)

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri Anonim Şirketi

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri Anonim Şirketi ("the Company") as at 31 December 2010, and the related statement of income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Disclosure for the responsibility of the Company's Board of Directors

The Board of Directors of the Company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with "The Communiqué on Uniform Chart of Accounts to be implemented by Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies and its Explanation as well as the Form and Scope of Financial Statements to be announced to Public" published in the Official Gazette dated 17 May 2007 and numbered 26525, Turkish Accounting Standards, Turkish Financial Reporting Standards and other regulations, communiqués, and circulars announced by the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA") in respect of accounting and financial reporting. This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Disclosure for the Responsibility of the Authorized Audit Firm

Our responsibility, as independent auditors, is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. Our audit is performed in accordance with the "Regulation on Authorization and Activities of Institutions to Perform External Audit in Banks" published on the Official Gazette no 26333 dated 1 November 2006 and International Standards on Auditing. We planned and conducted our audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. Our audit includes using the audit techniques for the purpose of obtaining evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The selection of the audit techniques is made in accordance with our professional judgment by taking the effectiveness of the controls over financial reporting into consideration and assessing the appropriateness of the applied accounting policies. However, our object is to set forth the relationship between the financial statements prepared by the Company management and the internal control system to design audit techniques according to conditions, rather than expressing an opinion about effectiveness of the internal control. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

### Independent Auditors' Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri Anonim Şirketi as at 31 December 2010 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the communiqués, regulations and circulars issued by the BRSA regarding accounting and financial reporting (see *Note 2.1*).

Other Matter

The financial statements of the Company as at and for the year ended 31 December 2009 were audited by another auditor who expressed an unqualified opinion in their report dated 8 March 2010.

Istanbul, 9 March 2011

Akis Bağımsız Denetim ve Serbest Muhasebeci Mali Müşavirlik AŞ

Orhan Akova *Partner* 

Additional paragraph for convenience translation to English

As explained in Note 2.1, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Turkey.

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

## BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

	BALANCE SHEET - ASSETS		Audited Current Period 31 December 2010			Audited Prior Period 31 December 2009			
		Notes	TRY	FC	TOTAL	TRY	FC	TOTAL	
I.	CASH		-	-	-	-	-	-	
II.	FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS								
2.1	(Net)	4	74	-	74	139	-	139	
2.1 2.2	Financial Assets Held for Trading		74	-	74	139	-	139	
2.2	Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss Derivative Financial Assets Held for Trading		-	-	-	-	-	-	
III.	BANKS	5	117.436	14.495	131.931	122.981	290	123.271	
IV.	RECEIVABLES FROM REVERSE REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS	3	117.430	14.473	131.931	122.901	290	123.2/1	
V.	FINANCIAL ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR SALE (Net)	6	13.864	_	13.864	9.546	_	9.546	
VI.	FACTORING RECEIVABLES	7	312.190	19.130	331.320	142.498	294	142.792	
6.1	Discounted Factoring Receivables	,	103.685	17.150	103.685	55.277	-	55.277	
6.1.1	Domestic Domestic		105.268	_	105.268	56.357	_	56.357	
6.1.2	Foreign		-	_	-	-	_	-	
6.1.3	Unearned Income (-)		(1.583)	_	(1.583)	(1.080)	_	(1.080)	
6.2	Other Factoring Receivables		208.505	19.130	227.635	87.221	294	87.515	
6.2.1	Domestic		208.505	_	208.505	87.221	-	87.221	
6.2.2	Foreign		-	19.130	19.130	_	294	294	
VII.	NON-PERFORMING RECEIVABLES		-	-	-	107	-	107	
7.1	Non-Performing Factoring Receivables	7	2.651	-	2.651	3.078	-	3.078	
7.2	Non-Performing Financing Loans		-	-	-	-	-	-	
7.3	Non-Performing Lease Receivables		-	-	-	-	-	-	
7.4	Specific Provisions (-)		(2.651)	-	(2.651)	(2.971)	-	(2.971)	
VIII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD FOR RISK								
	MANAGEMENT		-	-	-	-	-	-	
8.1	Fair Value Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-	
8.2	Cash Flow Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-	
8.3	Net Foreign Investment Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-	
IX.	INVESTMENTS HELD TO MATURITY (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-	
X. XI.	INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-	
XI. XII.	INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES (Net)		-	-	-	-	-	-	
XIII.	INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURES (Net) TANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	9	45	-	45	30	-	30	
XIII.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Net)	10	83	-	83	74	-	74	
14.1	Goodwill	10	-	_	65	/ <b>-</b>	-	/4	
14.1	Other Intangibles		83	_	83	74	_	74	
XV.	DEFERRED TAX ASSETS	11	142	_	142	70	_	70	
XVI.	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED	11	172	-	142	70	-	70	
11,11	OPERATIONS (Net)		_	_	_	_	_	_	
16.1	Assets Held For Sale		_	_	_	_	_	_	
16.2	Assets of Discontinued Operations		_	_	-	_	_	-	
XVII.	OTHER ASSETS	12	40	6	46	70	-	70	
	TOTAL ASSETS		443.874	33.631	477.505	275.515	584	276.099	

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

## BALANCE SHEET (STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

	BALANCE SHEET - LIABILITIES		31 D	Audited arrent Period December 201	10	Audited Prior Period 31 December 2009			
		Notes	TRY	FC	TOTAL	TRY	FC	TOTAL	
I. II. III.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR TRADING FUNDS BORROWED FACTORING PAYABLES	4 13 7	391.250 455	278 34.642 150	278 425.892 605	233.821	- 290 -	234.111	
IV.	SECURITIES ISSUED (Net)		_	-	-	-	_	-	
4.1	Bills		_	-	-	-	-	-	
4.2	Asset-Backed Securities		_	-	-	-	-	-	
4.3	Bonds		_	-	-	-	-	-	
V.	MISCELLANEOUS PAYABLES	14	33	17	50	15	117	132	
VI.	OTHER LIABILITIES		-	-	-	-	-	-	
VII.	DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL LIABILITIES HELD FOR RISK		-	-	-	-	-	-	
	MANAGEMENT								
7.1	Fair Value Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-	
7.2	Cash Flow Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-	
7.3	Net Foreign Investment Hedges		-	-	-	-	-	-	
VIII.	TAXES AND DUTIES PAYABLE	15	489	-	489	557	-	557	
IX.	PROVISIONS		309	-	309	231	-	231	
9.1	Restructuring Reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	
9.2	Reserves For Employee Benefits	16	309	-	309	231	-	231	
9.3	Other Provisions		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Χ.	DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY		-	-	-	-	-	-	
XI.	PAYABLES RELATED TO ASSETS FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED		-	-	-	-	-	-	
	OPERATIONS								
11.1	Held For Sale		-	-	-	-	-	-	
11.2	Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	-	-	
XII.	SUBORDINATED LOANS		40.002	-	40.002	-	-	-	
XIII.	SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		49.882	-	49.882	41.068	-	41.068	
13.1	Paid-in Capital	17	16.000	-	16.000	16.000	-	16.000	
13.2	Capital Reserves	17	12.900	-	12.900	9.447	-	9.447	
13.2.1	Share Premium		-	-	-	-	-	-	
13.2.2	Share Cancellation Profits		7.622	-	7 (22	5.383	-	5 202	
13.2.3 13.2.4	Securities Value Increase Fund		7.623	-	7.623	5.383	-	5.383	
13.2.4	Revaluation Surplus on Tangible and Intangible Assets Bonus Shares Obtained from Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled		1.213	-	1.213	-	-	-	
13.2.3	Entities Entities		1.213	-	1.213				
13.2.6	Hedging Reserves (Effective Portion)				_	-	-	-	
13.2.7	Revaluation Surplus on Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations		-	-	-	-	_	_	
13.2.7	Other Capital Reserves		4 064		4.064	4.064		4.064	
13.3	Profit Reserves	18	15.621	_	15.621	8.427	_	8.427	
13.3.1	Legal Reserves	10	1.031	_	1.031	671	_	671	
13.3.2	Statutory Reserves		1.051	_	1.031	-	_	-	
13.3.3	Extraordinary Reserves		14.590	_	14.590	7.756	_	7.756	
13.3.4	Other Profit Reserves			_	- 1		_		
13.4	Profit or Loss		5.361	_	5.361	7.194	_	7.194	
13.4.1	Prior Periods Profit/Loss		-	_		-	_	,,	
13.4.2	Current Period Profit/Loss		5.361	-	5.361	7.194	-	7.194	
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		442.418	35.087	477.505	275.692	407	276.099	

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

## OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

	STATEMENT OF OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS			Audited errent Period December 2010	Audited Prior Period 31 December 2009			
		Notes	TRY	FC	TOTAL	TRY	FC	TOTAL
I. II. III. IV. V. 5.1 5.2 5.2.1 5.2.1.1 5.2.1.2 5.2.2 VI.	IRREVOCABLE FACTORING TRANSACTIONS REVOCABLE FACTORING TRANSACTIONS COLLATERALS RECEIVED COLLATERALS GIVEN COMMITMENTS Irrevocable Commitments Revocable Commitments Lease Commitments Finance Lease Commitments Operational Lease Commitments Other Revocable Commitments DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	19	18.785 21.849 27.575 183	1.893 3.060 615 - - - - - 10.218	20.678 24.909 28.190 183 - - - - - - 10.218	5.066 2.961 7.515 1.164	4.709 958 - - - - - - - -	9.775 3.919 7.515 1.164
6.1 6.1.1 6.1.2 6.1.3 6.2 6.2.1 6.2.2 6.2.3 6.2.4 6.2.5 VII.	Derivative Financial Instruments for Risk Management Fair Value Hedges Cash Flow Hedges Net Foreign Investment Hedges Derivative Financial Instruments Held For Trading Forward Purchases/Sales Swap Purchases/Sales Currency, Interest Rate and Security Options Futures Purchases/Sales Others ITEMS HELD IN CUSTODY		- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	10.218 10.218	10.218 10.218 10.218 - - - 69.329	66.653	7.636	- - - - - - - 74.289
	TOTAL OFF-BALANCE SHEET ITEMS		135.687	17.820	153.507	83.359	13.303	96.662

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

## INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

	INCOME STATEMENT	Notes	Audited Current Period 1 January – 31 December 2010	Audited Prior Period 1 January – 31 December 2009
I.	OPERATING INCOME	22	18.671	14.147
1.1	FACTORING INCOME		18.671	14.147
1.1.1	Factoring Interest Income		17.469	13.260
1.1.1.1	Discounted		4.987	5.844
1.1.1.2	Other		12.482	7.416
1.1.2	Factoring Commission Income		1.202	887
1.1.2.1	Discounted		434	418
1.1.2.2	Other	23	768	469
II.	OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	23	(3.870)	(2.672)
2.1	Personal Expenses		(2.180)	(1.789)
2.2	Employee Severance Indemnity Expense		(34)	(4)
2.3	Research and Development Expense		(1.656)	(879)
2.4	General Administration Expense Other		(1.656)	(873)
III.	OTHER OPERATING INCOME	24	15.744	9.068
3.1	Interest Income on Bank Deposits		10.782	6.842
3.2	Interest Income on Reverse Repurchase Agreements		-	-
3.3	Interest Income on Securities Portfolio		3	5
3.3.1	Interest Income on Financial Assets Held for Trading		3	5
3.3.2	Interest Income on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		-	-
3.3.3	Interest Income on Financial Assets Available For Sale		-	-
3.3.4	Interest Income on Financial Assets Held to Maturity		-	-
3.4	Dividend Income		1.504	377
3.5	Trading Account Income		-	-
3.5.1	Income From Derivative Financial Instruments		-	-
3.5.2	Other			
3.6	Foreign Exchange Gains		3.015	435
3.7	Other	25	440	1.409
IV.	FINANCIAL EXPENSES (-)	23	(21.093)	(11.005)
4.1	Interest Expense on Funds Borrowed		(20.921)	(10.807)
4.2	Interest Expense on Factoring Payables		-	-
4.4	Interest Expense of Finance Leases		-	-
4.4	Interest Expense on Securities Issued Other Interest Expenses		_	-
4.6	Fee and Commission Paid		(172)	(198)
V.	PROVISION FOR LOSSES ON NON-PERFORMING RECEIVABLES (-)	26	(172)	(196)
VI.	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES (-)	27	(3.034)	(404)
6.1	Impairment Losses on Securities Portfolio		(115)	( ' )
6.1.1	Impairment Losses on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss		(113)	
6.1.2	Impairment Losses on Financial Assets Available For Sale		(115)	-
6.1.3	Impairment Losses on Financial Assets Held to Maturity		-	-
6.2 6.2.1	Impairment Losses on Non-Current Assets		-	-
6.2.2	Impairment Losses on Tangible Assets Impairment Losses on Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations			
6.2.3	Impairment Losses on Goodwill		_	_
6.2.4	Impairment Losses on Other Intangible Assets		-	-
6.2.5	Impairment Losses on Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures			-
6.3	Losses From Derivative Financial Instruments		(278)	(404)
6.4 6.5	Foreign Exchange Losses Other		(2.641)	(404)
VII.	NET OPERATING PROFIT / LOSS		6.403	8.938
VIII.	INCOME RESULTED FROM MERGES		0.493	-
IX.	GAIN/LOSS ON NET MONETARY POSITION			-
X.	PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS BEFORE TAX		6.403	8.938
XI.	INCOME TAX EXPENSE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS (±)	28	(1.042)	(1.744)
11.1 11.2	Current Tax Expense Deferred Tax Expense (-)		(1.114)	(1.575) (169)
11.2	Deferred Tax Expense (-) Deferred Tax Benefit (+)		72	(109)
XII.	NET PROFIT FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		5.361	7.194
XIII.	INCOME FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
13.1	Income from Assets Held for Sale		-	-
13.2 13.3	Gain on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities Other Income from Discontinued Operations	1	-	-
XIV.	EXPENSES FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (-)			
14.1	Expense on Assets Held for Sale			_
14.2	Loss on Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Jointly Controlled Entities		-	-
14.3	Other Expenses from Discontinued Operations		-	-
XV.	PROFIT FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS BEFORE TAX		-	-
XVI. 16.1	INCOME TAX EXPENSE FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS (±) Current Tax Expense		-	-
16.1	Deferred Tax Expense (-)			
16.3	Deferred Tax Benefit (+)		-	_
XVII.	NET PROFIT FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		-	-
XVIII.	NET PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		5.361	7.194
	Earnings Per Share	1	1 _	i e

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

STATEMENT OF RECOGNIZED INCOME AND EXPENSE ITEMS ACCOUNTED UNDER EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

PROFI	T/LOSS ITEMS RECOGNISED DIRECTLY IN EQUITY	Audited Current Period 31 December 2010	Audited Prior Period 31 December 2009
I.	ADDITIONS TO MARKETABLE SECURITIES VALUE INCREASE FUND FROM FINANCIAL ASSETS AVAILABLE		
	FOR SALE	2.240	6.483
1.1	Change in the Fair Value of the Financial Assets Available For Sale, Net	2.240	6.438
1.2	Change in the Fair Value of the Financial Assets Available For Sale, Net (Transfer to Profit/Loss)	-	-
II.	REVALUATION SURPLUS ON TANGIBLE ASSETS	-	-
III.	REVALUATION SURPLUS ON INTANGIBLE ASSETS	-	-
IV.	FOREIGN EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES ON FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS	-	-
V.	PROFIT/LOSS ON DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR CASH FLOW HEDGES	-	-
5.1	Profit/Loss on Derivative Financial Assets for Cash Flow Hedges (Effective Portion of the Changes in Fair Value)	-	-
5.2	The Portion of Derivative Financial Assets Held for Cash Flow Hedges Reclassified in and Transferred to Income Statement	-	-
VI.	PROFIT/LOSS ON DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL ASSETS HELD FOR NET FOREIGN INVESTMENT HEDGES	-	-
6.1	Profit/Loss from Derivative Financial Assets for Net Investment Hedges (Effective Portion of Fair Value Differences)	-	-
6.2	The Portion of Derivative Financial Assets Held for Net Foreign Investment Hedges Reclassified in and Transferred to Income		
	Statement	-	-
VII.	EFFECT OF CORRECTIONS OF ERRORS AND CHANGES IN THE ACCOUNTING POLICIES	-	-
VIII.	OTHER INCOME AND EXPENSES RECOGNISED UNDER EQUITY IN ACCORDANCE WITH TAS	1.213	-
IX.	DEFERRED TAXES ON REVALUATION DIFFERENCES	-	-
X.	NET PROFIT/LOSS RECOGNIZED DIRECTLY IN EQUITY (I+II++IX)	3.453	6.438
XI.	PROFIT/LOSS FOR THE PERIOD	5.361	7.194
XII.	TOTAL PROFIT/LOSS RECOGNISED FOR THE PERIOD	8.814	13.632

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

	CHANGES IN EQUITY Prior period (01.01 – 31.12.2009)	Notes	Paid-in Capital	Paid-in Capital Inflation Adjustment	Share Premium	Share Cancellation Profits	Legal Reserves	Statutory Reserves	Extraordinary Reserves	Other Reserves	Current Period Profit/ Loss	Prior Period Profit/ Loss	Fair Value Changes Of Marketable Securities	Revaluation Reserve on Tangible and Intangible Assets	Bonus Shares Obtained From Subs., Assoc., and Jointly Contr. Ent.	Hedge Reserves (Effective Portion)	Revaluation Reserves on Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations	Total Equity
	Prior period (01.01 – 31.12.2009) (Audited)																	
I.	Beginning balance (31.12.2008)		16,000	4.064	_	_	281	_	341	_	20.016	(12.211)	(1.055)	_	_	-	_	27.436
	Changes during the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-
II.	Increase/decrease due to merges		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Hedging reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1	Cash flow hedge		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2	Hedge of net investment in foreign operations		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IV.	Fair value changes on securities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.438	-	-	-	-	6.438
v.	Revaluation surplus on tangible assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VI.	Bonus shares of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
VII. VIII.	Translation differences Changes resulted from disposal of assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
IX. X.	Changes resulted from reclassification of assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XI.	Capital increase Share issuance		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XII.	Paid-in capital inflation adjustment		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XIII.	Convertible bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XIV.	Subordinated loans																	
XV.	Profit for the period								_		7.194							7.194
XVI.	Profit distribution						390		7.415		(20.016)	12.211						7.174
16.1	Dividend paid		_	_	_	_	-	_		_	(20.010)		_	_	_	_	_	
16.2	Transfers to reserves		_		_	_	390	_	7.415			(7.805)		_	_	_	_	_
16.3	Other		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(20.016)	20.016	-	-	-	-	-	-
	Ending balance (31.12.2009)	17, 18	16.000	4.064	-	-	671	-	7.756	-	7.194	-	5.383	-	-	-	-	41.068
	Current period (01.0131.12.2010)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	(Audited)		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
I.	Beginning balance (31.12.2009)		16.000	4.064	-	-	671	-	7.756	-	7.194	-	5.383	-	-	-	-	41.068
	Changes during the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
II.	Increase/decrease due to merges		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
III.	Hedge reserves		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.1	Cash flow hedge		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3.2 IV.	Net foreign investment hedges Fair value changes on securities		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.240	-	-	-	-	2.240
V.	Revaluation surplus on tangible assets		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.240	-	-	-	-	2.240
VI.	Bonus shares of associates, subsidiaries and joint-ventures		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.213	-	-	1.213
VII.	Translation differences		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.213	-	-	1.213
VIII.	Changes resulted from disposal of assets		-	-												-		-
IX.	Changes resulted from reclassification of assets		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
X.	Capital increase		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
XI.	Issuances of share certificates		-	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		_
XII.	Paid-in capital inflation adjustment		-	_	-	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	-	-		_
XIII.	Convertible bonds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XIV.	Subordinated loans		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XV.	Profit for the period		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.361	-	-	-	-	-	-	5.361
XVI.	Profit distribution		-	-	-	-	360	-	6.834	-	(7.194)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16.1	Dividend paid		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16.2	Transfer to reserves		-	-	-	-	360	-	6.834	-	(7.194)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
16.3	Other Ending Balance (31.12.2010)	17, 18	16,000	4,064	_	-	1.031	_	14.590	-	5.361	-	7.623	_	1.213	-		49,882

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

			Audited Current Period	Audited Prior Period
	CLOVE TO CALL OF THE CALL OF T	Notes	31 December 2010	31 December 2009
A.	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
1.1	Operating Profit Before Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		2.781	7.662
1.1.1	Interests Received/Lease Income		27.131	20.920
1.1.2	Lease Expenses		-	-
1.1.3	Dividends Received		524	351
1.1.4	Fee and Commission Received		1.202	-
1.1.5	Other Income	_	-	1.132
1.1.6	Collections from Non-performing Receivables	7	335	282
1.1.7	Payments to Personnel and Service Suppliers	1.5	(2.136)	(1.771)
1.1.8	Taxes Paid	15	(1.307)	(1.493)
1.1.9	Others		(22.968)	(11.759)
1.2	Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities		(187.468)	(77.687)
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Factoring Receivables		(188.271)	(76.514)
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Financing Loans		(	-
1.2.1	Net (Increase) Decrease in Lease Receivables		-	-
1.2.2	Net (Increase) Decrease in Other Assets		155	(22)
1.2.3	Net Increase (Decrease) in Factoring Payables		605	-
1.2.3	Net Increase (Decrease) in Lease Payables		-	-
1.2.4	Net Increase (Decrease) in Funds Borrowed		-	-
1.2.5	Net Increase (Decrease) in Due Payables		-	-
1.2.6	Net Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		43	(1.151)
I.	Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		(184.687)	(70.025)
В.	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
В. 2.1	Cash Paid for Purchase of Associates. Subsidiaries and Joint-ventures			
2.1	Cash Obtained From Sale of Associates, Subsidiaries and Joint-Ventures		-	-
2.3	Purchases of Tangible and Intangible Assets	9, 10	(73)	(2)
2.4	Proceeds From Sale of Tangible and Intangible Assets	<i>)</i> , 10	5	(2)
2.5	Cash Paid for Purchase of Financial Assets Available for Sale		-	_
2.6	Proceeds From Sale of Financial Assets Available for Sale		_	_
2.7	Cash Paid for Purchase of Held-to-Maturity Investment Securities		_	_
2.8	Proceeds from Sale of Held-to-Maturity Investment Securities		_	_
2.9	Other		-	-
II.	Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(68)	(2)
C.	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		425.000	224.000
3.1	Cash obtained from funds borrowed and securities issued		425.892	234.090
3.2	Cash used for repayment of funds borrowed and securities issued		(233.608)	(46.360)
3.3 3.4	Equity instruments issued Dividends paid		-	-
	1		-	-
3.5 3.6	Payments for finance leases Other		-	-
III.	Net Cash Used in Financing Activities		192.284	187.730
IV.	Effect of Change in Foreign Exchange Rate on Cash and Cash Equivalents		265	(1)
V.	Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		7.794	117.702
	•			
VI.	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Period	5	122.683	4.981
VII.	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Period	5	130.477	122.683

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

### STATEMENT OF PROFIT DISTRIBUTION FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2010

		Current Period (31 December 2010)	Prior Period (31 December 2009)
I.	DISTRIBUTION OF CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT (*)		
1.1	CURRENT PERIOD PROFIT	6.403	8.938
1.2	TAXES AND DUES PAYABLE (-)	(1.042)	(1.744)
1.2.1	Corporate Tax (Income Tax)	(1.114)	(1.575)
1.2.2	Withholding Tax Other taxes and dues (**)	- 72	(160)
1.2.3		72	(169)
A.	NET PERIOD PROFIT (1.1 - 1.2)	5.361	7.194
1.3	PRIOR YEARS' LOSSES (-)		-
1.4	FIRST LEGAL RESERVE (-)	(268)	(360)
1.5	OTHER STATUTORY RESERVES NEEDED TO BE KEPT IN THE COMPANY (-)	-	-
В	DISTRIBUTABLE NET PERIOD PROFIT [(A-1.3+1.4+1.5)]	5.093	6.834
1.6	FIRST DIVIDEND TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)	-	-
1.6.1	To Owners of Ordinary Shares	-	-
1.6.2 1.6.3	To Owners of Preferred Stocks To Owners of Preferred Stocks (Preemptive Rights)	-	-
1.6.4	To Profit Sharing Bonds		
1.6.5	To Owners of the Profit /Loss Sharing Certificates	-	-
1.7	DIVIDEND TO PERSONNEL (-)	-	-
1.8	DIVIDEND TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS (-)	-	-
1.9	SECOND DIVIDEND TO SHAREHOLDERS (-)	-	=
1.9.1 1.9.2	To Owners of Ordinary Shares To Owners of Preferred Stocks		_
1.9.3	To Owners of Preferred Stocks (Preemptive Rights)	-	-
1.9.4	To Profit Sharing Bonds	-	-
1.9.5	To Owners of the Profit /Loss Sharing Certificates	-	-
1.10	SECOND LEGAL RESERVE (-)	-	-
1.11 1.12	STATUTORY RESERVES (-) EXTRAORDINARY RESERVES		(6.834)
1.12	OTHER RESERVES		(0.834)
1.14	SPECIAL FUNDS	-	-
II.	DISTRIBUTION FROM RESERVES	-	-
2.1	DISTRIBUTED RESERVES	-	-
2.2	SECOND LEGAL RESERVES (-)	-	-
2.3 2.3.1	SHARE TO SHAREHOLDERS (-) To Owners of Ordinary Shares	-	-
2.3.1	To Owners of Preferred Stocks		-
2.3.3	To Owners of Preferred Stocks (Preemptive Rights)	-	-
2.3.4	To Profit Sharing Bonds	-	-
2.3.5	To Owners of the Profit /Loss Sharing Certificates	-	-
2.4 2.5	SHARE TO PERSONNEL (-) SHARE TO BOARD OF DIRECTORS (-)	-	
III.	EARNINGS PER SHARE	-	-
3.1	TO OWNERS OF STOCKS (TRY)	0,3351	0,4496
3.2	TO OWNERS OF STOCKS (%)	33,51	44,96
3.3 3.4	TO OWNERS OF PREFERRED STOCKS (TRY) TO OWNERS OF PREFERRED STOCKS ( % )	-	-
IV.	DIVIDEND PER SHARE	_	_
			_
4.1	TO OWNERS OF STOCKS (TRY)	-	-
4.2	TO OWNERS OF STOCKS (%)	-	=
4.3 4.4	TO OWNERS OF PREFERRED STOCKS (TRY) TO OWNERS OF PREFERRED STOCKS ( % )		
''	TO O HILLIAND OF THE EMILES OF OCHO (70)		

<sup>(\*)</sup> As of the report date, the General Assembly Meeting has not been held; therefore, only distributable net profit is presented in the profit distribution table above for 2010.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup>As per the Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency, income associated with deferred tax assets shall not be considered as cash or internally generated source and accordingly such amounts taking part of net period profit shall not be included in profit distribution and capital increase, the Company has deferred tax income amounting to TRY 72 associated with the deferred tax asset which will not be distributed as at 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: TRY 169 deferred tax expense).

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS OF THE COMPANY

İş Factoring Finansman Hizmetleri A.S. ("the Company"), was incorporated on 6 July 1993 in Turkey and started its operations in October 1993. The core business of the Company is factoring operations, both domestic and abroad. The Company operates under Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. Group. The main shareholder of the Company is İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş. with 78,23% shareholding. Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş. is also shareholder of the Company with 21,75% shareholding. Participation rates and information regarding financial assets available for sale by the Company in its balance sheet, are as follows:

Title of the Investment	Company head office	Core Business	Ownership rate
İş Yatırım Menkul Değerler A.Ş. (İş Yatırım)	4. Levent / Istanbul	Investment and securities services	2,43%
İş Net Elektronik Bilgi Üretim Dağ. Tic. ve İletişim Hiz. A.Ş. (İş Net)	Esentepe / Istanbul	Inf. Communication ans technical services	1,00%
İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ort. A.Ş.	4. Levent / Istanbul	Private equity	0,89%
Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Etiler / Istanbul	Investment and securities services	0,06%

As at 31 December 2010, the number of employees of the Company is 26 (31 December 2009: 19).

The head office of the Company is located at:

İş Kuleleri, Kule 2 Kat: 10 34330 Levent / Istanbul Türkiye

### Dividend payable:

As at 31 December 2010, the Company does not have any dividend payable declared by the General Assembly (31 December 2009: None).

## Approval of the financial statements:

The financial statements as at 31 December 2010 have been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and authorized for issue at 9 March 2011. General Assembly has the discretion of making changes in the financial statements after their issuance.

#### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 2.1 Basis of the Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with "Communiqué Uniform Chart of Accounts to be implemented by Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies and its Explanation as well as the Form and Scope of Financial Statements to be announced to Public" published on the Official Gazette no.26525 dated 17 May 2007 promulgated by Banking Regulation and Supervision Agency ("BRSA"), Turkish Accounting Standards ("TAS"), Turkish Financial Reporting Standards ("TFRS") and the appendices and interpretations promulgated by Turkish Accounting Standards Board ("TASB") and the statements and guidance published by BRSA on accounting and financial reporting principles (together referred as "Reporting Standards").

In terms of accounting of 2010 operations, the Company has applied the requirements of the communiqué on the "Regulation on Procedures and Principles for Establishment and Operations of Financial Leasing, Factoring and Consumer Financing Companies" published on the Official Gazette no. 26315 dated 10 October 2006 and the communiqué on the "Communiqué on Procedures and Principles for the Provisions to be set aside by Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies for their Receivables" published on the Official Gazette no. 26588 dated 20 July 2007.

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 2.1 Basis of the Presentation (Continued)

The accompanying financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis as adjusted for the effects of inflation that lasted until 31 December 2004, except for the financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, available-for-sale financial assets and derivative financial instruments which are measured at their fair values unless reliable measures are available.

### Additional Paragraph for Convenience Translation to English

The differences between accounting principles, as described in the preceding paragraphs, and the accounting principles generally accepted in countries, in which the accompanying financial statements are to be distributed, and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), may have significant influence on the accompanying financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in such countries and IFRS.

### Functional and Reporting Currency

Functional currency of the Company, and the presentation currency for the financial statements is Turkish Lira ("TRY").

### Preparation of Financial Statements in Hyperinflationary Periods

The financial statements of the Company have been adjusted for the effects of inflation in accordance with TAS 29 "Financial Reporting in Hyperinflationary Economies" until 31 December 2004. By a circular issued on 28 April 2005, BRSA declared that the application of inflation accounting has been ceased to be applied for the companies operating in Turkey starting from 1 January 2005, since the provisions of hyperinflationary economy do not exist anymore. Accordingly, non-monetary assets and liabilities, and components of equity as at 31 December 2010 were adjusted for the effects of inflation that lasted till 31 December 2004 for the items acquired before 31 December 2004 and the items which were acquired after 1 January 2005 were accounted for at their respective nominal amounts.

### Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. In particular, information about significant accounting estimates used are described in the following notes:

- Note 3 (b) and (c) Useful life of tangible and intangible assets
- Note 4 Financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss
- Note 6 Financial assets available for sale
- Note 11 Deferred tax asset and liabilities
- Note 19 Commitments and contingencies
- Note 26 Provisions for non-performing receivables
- Note 31 Additional information about financial instruments

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

### 2.1 Basis of the Presentation (Continued)

#### Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors

If the changes in accounting estimates relate to a specific period, they are applied in the period they relate to whereas if the changes are related to future periods, they are applied both in the period the change is made and prospectively in the future periods. There has not been any significant change in the accounting estimates of the Company in the current year.

Material accounting errors are adjusted retrospectively and prior periods' financial statements are restated.

### Standards and Interpretations Not Yet Effective as at 31 December 2010

The Company applied all of the relevant and required standards promulgated by TASB as at 31 December 2010.

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are not yet effective as at 31 December 2010, and have not been applied in preparing these financial statements. These standards are as follows;

TFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" has been issued on April 2010, by the TASB as the first step in its project to replace TAS 39 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.

Developing a new standard for the financial reporting of financial assets that is principle-based and less complex is aimed by this project. The objective of TFRS 9, being the first phase of the project, is to establish principles for the financial reporting of financial assets that will present relevant and useful information to users of financial statements for their assessment of amounts, timing and uncertainty of the entity's future cash flows. With TFRS 9 an entity shall classify financial assets as subsequently measured at either amortized cost or fair value on the basis of both the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristic of the financial assets. The guidance in TAS 39 on impairment of financial assets and hedge accounting continues to apply.

TFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013, although entities are permitted to adopt them earlier. Prior periods need not be restated if an entity adopts the standard for reporting periods beginning before 1 January 2013.

TFRS 7 Financial Instruments is amended to add an explicit statement that the interaction between qualitative and quantitative disclosures better enables users to evaluate an entity's exposure to risks arising from financial instruments. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2011.

### İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies and valuation principles used to prepare the accompanying financial statements are as follows:

### a. Revenue

Factoring revenue consists of factoring interest and commission income collected or accrued on advances given to the customers.

Commission income is a certain percentage of the total amount of invoices subject to factoring.

Other interest income is accrued based on the effective interest which equals the estimated cash flows to net book value of the related asset. Dividend income from equity share investments is recognized when the shareholders have the right to receive the payment.

All income and expenses are accounted for on accrual basis.

### b. Tangible Assets

Tangible assets acquired before 1 January 2005 are carried at restated cost for the effects of inflation in TRY units current at the 31 December 2004 less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and tangible assets acquired after 1 January 2005 are carried at acquisition cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Tangible assets are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the related assets on a straight-line basis over the cost. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at each reporting date.

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over their respective lease periods.

The cost of replacing part of an item of tangible assets is recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the future economic benefits embodied within the part will flow to the Company and its cost can be measured reliably. The costs of the day-to-day servicing of tangible assets are recognized in the profit or loss as incurred.

Gains and losses on disposal of an item of tangible assets are determined by comparing the proceeds from disposal with the carrying amount of tangible assets, and are recognized net within other operating income/expense in the income statement.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative periods are as follows:

Furniture and fixtures 5 years Leasehold improvements 5 years

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### c. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets include computer software, licenses and goodwill. Intangible assets acquired before 1 January 2005 are carried at restated cost for the effects of inflation in TRY units current at the 31 December 2004 less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses and intangible assets acquired after 1 January 2005 are carried at acquisition cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. The estimated useful lives, residual values and amortization method of intangible assets other than goodwill are reviewed at each reporting date. Amortization is charged on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The intangible assets are comprised of computer software and licenses. The useful lives of intangible assets are 5 years.

Acquired computer software licenses are capitalized on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. These costs are amortized over their useful lives. Costs associated with developing or maintaining computer software programs are recognized as an expense as incurred. Costs that are directly associated with the development of identifiable and unique software products controlled by the Company, and that will probably generate economic benefits exceeding costs beyond one year, are recognized as intangible assets. Computer software development costs recognized as assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives (not exceeding five years).

### d. <u>Impairment of Non-Financial Assets</u>

The carrying amounts of the Company's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss. Assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit"). Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash-generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the units and then to reduce the carrying amount of the other assets in the unit (group of units) on a pro rata basis.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

In respect of other assets, impairment losses recognised in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortisation, if no impairment loss had been recognised.

### e. <u>Borrowing Costs</u>

All borrowing costs are recorded in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred.

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### f. Financial Instruments

#### Financial assets

All financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date where the purchase or sale of a financial asset is under a contract whose terms require delivery of the financial asset within the timeframe established by the market concerned, and are initially measured at fair value, plus transaction costs except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value.

Financial assets are classified into the following specified categories: "financial assets as at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)", "held-to-maturity investments", "available-for-sale (AFS) financial assets" and "loans and receivables". The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition.

### Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset and of allocating interest income over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset, or, where appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

## Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated under this category upon initial recognition. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short-term or achieved more relevant accounting measurement. Derivatives are also categorized as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.

#### *Held-to-maturity investments*

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity dates that the Company has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity are classified as held-to-maturity investments. Held-to-maturity investments are recorded at amortized cost using the effective interest method less impairment, with revenue recognized using effective interest method.

#### Available for sale financial assets

Quoted equity investments and quoted certain debt securities held by the Company that are traded in an active market are classified as being available-for-sale financial assets and are stated at fair value. The Copmany also has investments in unquoted equity investments that are not traded in an active market but are also classified as available-for-sale financial assets and stated at cost since their value cannot be reliably measured.

Gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented under the marketable securities revaluation reserve with the exception of impairment losses, interest calculated using the effective interest method, and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets, which are recognized in profit or loss. Where the investment is disposed of or is determined to be impaired, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the marketable securities revaluation reserve is transferred to profit or loss.

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### f. Financial Instruments (Continued)

### Available for sale financial assets (Continued)

Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognized in the profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established.

The fair value of available-for-sale monetary assets denominated in a foreign currency is determined in that foreign currency and translated at the exchange rate valid at the end of the reporting period. The foreign exchange gains and losses that are recognized in profit or loss are determined based on the amortized cost of the monetary asset. Other foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income.

### Factoring receivables and other receivables

Loans and receivables include factoring receivables and other receivables. Factoring receivables and other receivables are carried at fair value at initial recognition and they are carried at amortized cost subsequent to initial recognition, using the effective interest method.

Factoring transactions are accounted for at carrying amounts in subsequent reporting periods. The Company management believes that carrying amounts of factoring receivables approximate to their fair values since amortization is taken into account at initial recognition.

In accordance with the Communiqué No. 26588 on the "Communiqué on Procedures and Principles for the Provisions to be set aside by Financial Leasing, Factoring and Financing Companies for their Receivables" issued at 20 July 2007 by BRSA, special provision rate allocated for the factoring receivables considering their guarantees are as follows: 20%, at a minimum, for factoring receivables overdue more than 90 days not exceeding 180 days; 50%, at a minimum, for factoring receivables overdue more than 180 days not exceeding 360 days; and 100%, at a minimum, for factoring receivables overdue more than 1 year. While the Company provides 100% provision for doubtful factoring receivables which do not have worthy collaterals without considering the time intervals above, the Company provides provision for its doubtful factoring receivables having possibility of recovery based on the time intervals mentioned above.

Other receivables that have fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are also classified in this category. These receivables are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method less any impairment.

## Impairment of financial assets

Financial assets, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are subject to impairment testing at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indicator of impairment for financial asset or financial asset group. An entity shall assess at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset. That loss event or events must also have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets. For the financial assets which are measured at amortized cost, the amount of impairment is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate.

### İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### f. <u>Financial Instruments (Continued)</u>

### Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of factoring receivables where the carrying amount is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Changes in allowance accounts are recognized in profit or loss.

With the exception of available for sale equity instruments, if, in a subsequent period the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed the amortized cost that would have been impaired.

Increase in fair value of available for sale equity instruments subsequent to impairment is recognized in directly in equity.

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and demand deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments with maturities of three months or less than three months from date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities. The accounting policies adopted for specific financial liabilities and equity instruments are set out below.

Financial liabilities are classified as either financial liabilities at FVTPL or other financial liabilities.

## Financia<u>l liabilities at fair value through profit or loss</u>

Financial liabilities are classified as at FVTPL and stated at fair value, with any resulting gain or loss recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss includes any interest paid on the financial liability.

#### Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings, are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs.

Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method plus the interest expense recognized on effective interest method.

The effective interest method that calculates the amortized cost of a financial liability and allocates interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate discounts the estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or, where appropriate, a shorter period.

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### g. <u>Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting</u>

The Company's activities expose it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The Company uses derivative financial instruments (primarily foreign currency forward and currency swap contracts) to hedge its risks associated with foreign currency fluctuations relating to certain firm commitments and forecasted transactions. Derivative financial instruments are initially measured at fair value on the contract date, and are remeasured at fair value at subsequent reporting dates. Although some of the derivative transactions provide economic hedging, since all necessary conditions for hedge accounting have not been met, the Company classifies these transactions as held for trading and therefore, changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments are recognized in profit or loss as they arise.

### h. Effects of Changes in Exchange Rates

The financial statements of the Company are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (its functional currency). For the purpose of the financial statements, the results and financial position of the Company are expressed in TRY, which is the functional currency of the Company, and the presentation currency for the financial statements.

The foreign currency exchange rates used by the Company as at 31 December 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
USD	1,5460	1,5057
Euro	2,0491	2,1603

In preparation of the financial statements of the Company, transactions in currencies other than TRY (foreign currencies) are recorded at the prevailing exchange rates at the transaction date. At each reporting date, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when fair value is determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

### i. Earnings Per Share

In Turkey, companies can increase their share capitals by issue of "Bonus Shares" to their shareholders from their retained earnings. In computing earnings per share, such issues of "Bonus Shares" are treated as issued shares. Accordingly, the retrospective effect for those share issues is taken into consideration in determining the weighted-average number of shares outstanding used in this computation.

The Company's shares are not traded on the stock exchange, therefore, earnings per share is not disclosed in the accompanying financial statements.

## j. <u>Subsequent Events</u>

Subsequent events means the events occurred between the reporting date and the authorization date for the announcement of the financial statements. In accordance with TAS 10 "Events After the Reporting Date"; post-balance sheet events that provide additional information about the Company's position at the reporting dates (adjusting events) are reflected in the financial statements. Post-balance sheet events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes when material.

### İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### k. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

In accordance with the TAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets", a provision is recognized when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the specified criteria are not met, the Company discloses the related issues in the accompanying notes. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability if the time value of the money is significant to the provision.

Contingent assets are disclosed in the notes and not recognized unless they are realized.

### 1. <u>Leases</u>

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are recognized as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Lease payments are apportioned between finance charges and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.

### m. <u>Segment Reporting</u>

The Company provides factoring services only in Turkey. Furthermore, there is not business segments whose financial performance is reviewed by the Company's management separately. Hence, the Company has not disclosed report on geographical segments.

## n. Taxes on Income

Income tax expense or credit comprises current and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to a business combination, or items recognized directly in equity or in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable income or loss for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### n. <u>Taxes on Income (Continued)</u>

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognized for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss, and differences relating to investments in subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future. In addition, deferred tax is not recognized for taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets, and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realized simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognized for unused tax losses, investment incentives, tax credits and deductable temporary differences, to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

## o. <u>Employee Benefits / Reserve for Employee Termination Benefits</u>

In accordance with the existing social legislation in Turkey, the Company is required to make certain lumpsum payments to employees whose employment is terminated due to retirement or for reasons other than resignation or misconduct. Such payments are recognized in the accompanying financial statements as accrued. The computation of the liability is based upon the retirement pay ceiling announced by the government.

In accordance with TAS 19 "Employee Benefits", the Company calculated the employee severance indemnities incurred due to retirement of its employees by discounting the future liabilities to their present values, by using actuarial method and reflected to the financial statements. The main estimates used are as follows:

	2010	2009
Discount rate	5,10%	5,92%
Expected rate of salary/limit increase	4,66%	4,80%
Probability of retirement	100%	100%

The principal assumption is that the maximum liability for each year of service will increase in line with inflation. Thus, the discount rate applied represents the expected real rate after adjusting for the anticipated effects of future inflation. As the retirement pay ceiling is revised semi annually, the ceiling amount of full TRY 2.623,23 effective from 1 January 2011 has been taken into consideration in calculation of provision for employee termination benefits (retirement pay provision) (31 December 2009: full TRY 2.427,03).

### İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 3. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

### p. <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u>

In statement of cash flows, cash flows are classified according to operating, investment and finance activities.

Cash flows from operating activities reflect cash flows mainly generated from factoring operations of the Company.

Cash flows from investment activities express cash used in investment activities (direct investments and financial investments) and cash flows generated from investment activities of the Company.

Cash flows relating to finance activities express sources of financial activities and payment schedules of the Company.

### r. Share Capital and Dividends

Common shares are classified as equity. Dividends on common shares are reclassified as dividend payables by netting off from the retained earnings in the period in which they are approved and disclosed.

### s. Related Parties

In accordance with TAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures" shareholders, key management and board members, in each case together with companies controlled by or affiliated with them, and associated companies are considered and referred to as related parties. Related party transactions consist of the transfer of the assets and liabilities between related parties by a price or free of charge.

For the purpose of the accompanying financial statements, shareholders of the Company, the companies controlled by/associated with them, key management and the Board members of the Company are referred to as related parties (Note 8).

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 4. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial assets held for trading:

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of financial assets held for trading are as follows:

	2010	2010		2009	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
tment funds	74	-	139	-	
	74	-	139	-	

Financial assets held for trading only includes Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. investment funds.

Derivative Financial Liabilities Held For Trading:

Derivative financial instruments are measured at their fair values. Favorable fair value changes of derivative financial instruments are recognized under derivative financial assets held for trading and unfavorable fair value changes of derivative financial instruments are recognized under derivative financial liabilities held for trading.

2010		2009	
TRY	FC	TRY	FC
<del>_</del>	278	-	-
-	278	-	-
	TRY -	TRY FC - 278	TRY FC TRY - 278 -

### 5. BANKS

	201	2010		)
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
emand deposits	996	470	2.393	290
me deposits	115.000	14.011	120.000	-
terest accrual	1.440	14	588	-
	117.436	14.495	122.981	290

The details of the time deposits as at 31 December 2010 are as follows:

Currency	Interest Rate %	<u> Maturity</u>	2010
TRY	8,75-9,40	05.01.2011-24.01.2011	116.440
Euro	0,75-2,80	07.01.2011	14.025
		_	130.465
		<del>-</del>	

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 5. BANKS (Continued)

The details of the time deposits as at 31 December 2009 are as follows:

Currency	Interest Rate %	Maturity	2009
TRY	9,25 - 10,50	04.01.2010-11.02.2010	120.588
			120.588

As at 31 December 2010, TRY 14.495 portion of total foreign currency deposits (31 December 2009: TRY 189) and TRY 990 portion of total TRY deposits (31 December 2009: TRY 30.808) consist of accounts at the Company's main shareholders, Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.

The reconciliation of carrying value of cash and cash equivalents in the accompanying financial statements and the statement of cash flows is as follows:

	2010	2009
Demand deposits	1.466	2.683
Time deposits (1-3 months) (without accruals)	129.011	120.000
Cash and cash equivalents	130.477	122.683

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, there is no any blockage on cash and cash equivalents.

#### 6. FINANCIAL ASSETS AVAILABLE FOR SALE

				Ownership	rate (%)	Carrying	Amount
Title of the investment	Core business	Incorporation and location	Voting right (%)	2010	2009	2010	2009
Quoted Investments:							
	Investment and						
İş Yatırım	Securities Services	Istanbul	2,43	2,43	2,43	12.649	8.538
İş Girişim Sermayesi			, -	, -	, -		
Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	Private Equity	Istanbul	0,89	0,89	0,89	959	646
Unquoted investments:							
Yatırım Finansman	Investment and						
Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	Securities Services	Istanbul	0,06	0,06	0,06	29	25
İş Net	Inf. Comm. and	1500115 01	0,00	0,00	0,00		
-y - 1 - 0 - 0	Techn. Services	Istanbul	1,00	1,00	1,00	227	337
TOTAL			,,,,	,	, , , ,	13.864	9.546

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 7. FACTORING RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Factoring receivables:

	2010	2009
Domestic factoring receivables (net)	313.352	143.414
Export and import factoring receivables	19.130	294
Factoring interest income accrual	421	164
Unearned interest income	(1.583)	(1.080)
	331.320	142.792
Non-performing factoring receivables (*)	2.651	3.078
Provision for non-performing factoring receivables (*)	(2.651)	(2.971)
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	331.320	142.899

<sup>(\*)</sup> Presented under the non-performing receivables in the accompanying balance sheet.

Euro 1.372.353, GBP 179.354 and TRY 208.505 of factoring receivables have variable rates (31 December 2009: Euro 136.314 and TRY 87.080) while Euro 2.701.380, USD 6.698.152 and TRY 103.685 of factoring receivables have fixed rates (31 December 2009: TRY 55.524).

As at 31 December 2010, the average interest rate applicable for the factoring receivables is; 8,56% for TRY, 4,62% for USD, 4,65% for Euro and 4,55% for GBP (31 December 2009: 9,58% for TRY, 5,41% for USD and 7,5% for Euro).

The Company has contractual securities as collateral for factoring receivables.

The details of the factoring receivables based on types of factoring transactions are as follows:

	2010	2009
Domestic irrevocable	121.789	13.048
Foreign irrevocable	15.460	15.046
Domestic revocable	190.399	129.557
Foreign revocable	3.672	294
-	331.320	142.899

Except for its non-performing receivables for which 100% allowance is provided, the Company does not have overdue factoring receivables as at the reporting date. The carrying amount of the Company's restructured factoring receivables amounts to TRY 41 (31 December 2009: TRY 266). If such receivables were not restructured, they would be classified as overdue or doubtful receivables. The Company has contractual sureties as collateral for such receivables.

The Company's collaterals for factoring receivables are as follows; (if the amount of collaterals exceeds the amount of receivables during the calculation of collaterals, only the corresponding portion of the receivable is included at the table below).

Collateral type	2010_	2009
Mortgage	1.500	1.515
Pledged securities		6.000
	1.500	7.515

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 7. FACTORING RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (Continued)

The aging of non-performing factoring receivables is as follows:

	2010	2009
Un to 00 days		119
Up to 90 days Between 90 – 180 days	-	119
Between 180 – 360 days	-	94
Over 360 days	2.651	2.865
	2.651	3.078

The Company has contractual sureties as collateral for the above non-performing factoring receivables.

The movement of allowance for non-performing factoring receivables is as follows:

	2010	2009
Allowance at the beginning of the period	(2.971)	(3.056)
Allowance set during the period	(15)	(196)
Collections	335	281
Allowance at the end of the period	(2.651)	(2.971)

Factoring Payables:

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of factoring payables are as follows:

	2010		2009	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Factoring payables	455	150	-	-
Total	455	150	_	-

### 8. RELATED PARTIES

Factoring receivables from related parties	2010	2009
Bayek Tedavi Sağlık Hizmetleri ve İşletmeciliği A.Ş.	28.250	3.301
Dr. Feridun Frik İlaç San. Tic. A.Ş.	2.759	-
Kültür Yayınları İş-Türk Ltd. Şti.	618	725
Nevotek Bilişim Ses Ve İletişim Sist.San. ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	290
Ant Gıda Tarım Tur. En. ve Demir Çelik San.Tic.A.Ş.	<u> </u>	9.050
Total	31.627	13.366
Payables to related parties Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta Şirketi (Insurance Premium) İş Merkezleri Yönetim ve İşletim A.Ş. Total	4 - 4	1 3 4

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

## 8. RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

Deposits placed to related parties	2010	2009
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. Time Deposit	14.025	30.169
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. Demand Deposit	1.460	828
	15.485	30.997

## Borrowings from related parties

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of borrowings from related parties are as follows:

## Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.

Currency	Interest Rate %	Maturity	2010
TRY USD Euro GBP	7,25-7,45 3,10-3,50 3,40-3,50 3,48	07.01.2011 05.01.2011-05.12.2011 29.07.2011-28.10.2011 Overdraft	177.870 17.197 16.135 426 211.628
Currency	Interest Rate %	Maturity	2009
TRY USD	7,60 3,25-6,00	Revolving 04.02.2010-12.08.2010	8.374 1.188 9.562
<u>İş Bank GmbH</u>			
Currency	Interest Rate %	Maturity	2010
Euro	4,00	Overdraft	712 712
Currency	Interest Rate %	Maturity	2009
Euro	2,50	Overdraft	290 290
For the periods ended 31 December	r 2010 and 2009, incon	ne and expenses from related parti	ies is as follows:
Interest in some from related results	9	2010	2009
Interest income from related partie Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.	<u>8</u>	1.010	4.193
Total		1.010	4.193

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

## 8. RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

	2010	2009
<u>Dividend income from related parties</u> İş Yatırım	1.456	315
İş Girişim Sermayesi Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	27	46
İş Net	17	16
Yatırım Finansman Menkul Değerler A.Ş.	4	-
Total	1.504	377
Finance expense		
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.	5.107	31
İşbank GmbH	13	23
İşbank London	17	_
Total	5.137	54
Rent expense		
İş Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	199	183
İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.	-	5
Total	199	188
Factoring commission income		
Şişe Cam Dış Tic. A.Ş.	61	97
Kültür Yayınları İş-Türk Ltd.Şti.	11	10
Nevotek Bil.Ses ve İlet. Sist. San.ve Tic. A.Ş.	-	3
Total	72	110
Factoring interest income		
Bayek Tedavi Sağlık Hizmetleri ve İşletmeciliği A.Ş.	1.376	887
Ant Gıda Tarım Turizm Enerji ve Demir Çelik San. Tic. A.Ş.	169	69
Dr. Feridun Frik İlaç San. Tic. A.Ş.	128	-
Kültür Yayınları İş-Türk Ltd. Şti.	119	107
Nevotek Bil.Ses ve İlet. Sist. San.ve Tic. A.Ş.	23	52
Total	1.815	1.115
Investment fund income		
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş	3	5
Total	3	5
General administrative expense		
İş Merkezleri Yönetim ve İşletim A.Ş.	108	95
Anadolu Anonim Türk Sigorta A.Ş.	64	60
İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.	24	7
İş Gayrimenkul Yatırım Ortaklığı A.Ş.	5	5
Anadolu Hayat Emeklilik A.Ş.	3	14
Total		181
Commission expense		
Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş.	26	
Total	26	

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 8. RELATED PARTIES (Continued)

### Derivative transactions with the related parties

Derivative transactions presented in the accompanying financial statements are performed with Türkiye İş Bankası A.Ş. as at 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None) (Note 19).

Key management personnel compensation (*)	2010	2009
Salaries and other short-term benefits (**)	663	631
Salaries and other short-term benefits ( )	003	031
	663_	631

<sup>(\*)</sup> Key management consists of general manager, assistant general managers and members of the board of directors.

Furniture and

Leacahold

### 9. TANGIBLE ASSETS

Total 1.471 39
30
3)
(891)
619
(1.441)
(19)
886
(574)
45
Total
1.469
2
1.471
(1.425)
(16)
1.441)
30

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Consists of monetary benefits along with vehicle rentals and other associated expenses.

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 10. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	2010	2009
Cost		_
Opening balance at 1 January	272	272
Additions	34	-
Disposal	(13)	
Closing balance at the end of the year	293	272
<u>Amortisation</u>		
Opening balance at 1 January	(198)	(176)
Charge for year	(25)	(22)
Disposals	13	
Closing balance at the end of the year	(210)	(198)
Comming amounts at the and of the year	92	74
Carrying amounts at the end of the year	83	74

### 11. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities based on the temporary differences calculated by the prevailing tax rate are as follows:

Temporary differences subject to deferred tax:	2010	2009
Valuation differences on financial instruments	279	_
Employee bonus accrual	145	110
Reserve for employee benefits	134	100
Impairment loss in associates	115	-
Allowance for doubtful factoring receivables	76	186
Unused vacation	30	21
Tax base differences in tangible and intangible assets	(66)	(64)
	713	353
Deferred tax assets / (liabilities)	2010	2009
	<del></del>	
Financial instruments revaluation difference	56	-
Employee bonus accrual	29	22
Reserve for employee benefits	26	20
Impairment loss in associates	23	-
Allowance for doubtful factoring receivables	15	37
Unused vacation	6	4
Tax base difference in tangible and intangible assets	(13)	(13)
Deferred tax asset (net)	142	70

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 11. DEFERRED TAX ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (Continued)

Deferred tax assets movement for the years ended 31 December 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

	2010	2009
Opening balance at 1 January	70	239
Deferred tax benefit / (expense)	72	(169)
Closing balance	142	70

Tax rate used in computation of deferred tax assets and liabilities is 20% (31 December 2009: 20%).

### 12. OTHER ASSETS

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of other assets are as follows:

	2010		2009	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Prepaid expenses	39	-	41	-
Others	1	6	29	-
	40	6	70	-

### 13. FUNDS BORROWED

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of funds borrowed are as presented:

	2010		2009	
	TRY	FC (*)	TRY	FC (*)
Short-term borrowings Short-term portion of long-term borrowings	391.250	34.642	233.821	290
Total short-term borrowings	391.250	34.642	233.821	290
Long-term borrowings Total long-term borrowings	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total borrowings	391.250	34.642	233.821	290

<sup>(\*)</sup> Foreign currency indexed borrowings amounting TRY 28.707 have been presented in TRY column in the accompanying balance sheet (31 December 2009: TRY 57.080 ).

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 13. FUNDS BORROWED (Continued)

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of borrowings based on types of currency are as follows:

Currency	Interest rate %	Original currency amount	2010
TRY	7,05-7,45	-	390.878
USD	3,10-3,50	11.118.698	17.190
Euro	2,51-4,00	8.221.885	16.847
GBP	3,48	178.328	426
Interest accruals	-	-	551
Total		_	425.892
		_	
Currency	Interest rate %	Original currency amount	2009
TRY	7,10-7,75	-	232.590
USD	3,25-6,00	789	1.183
Euro	5,00	134	290
Interest accruals	•	-	48
Total			234.111

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, interest rates are presented as compounded:

	2010		2009	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Fixed rate	303.380	31.428	198.821	-
Variable rate	87.870	3.214	35.000	290
	391.250	34.642	233.821	290

Fair values of the funds borrowed are presented in Note 31.

As at 31 December 2010, the Company has available TRY 748.516 of unused credit lines for which all precedent conditions were met (31 December 2009: TRY 418.725).

### 14. MISCELLANEOUS PAYABLES AND OTHER LIABILITIES

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of miscellaneous payables are as follows:

	2010		2009	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC
Payables to suppliers	33	17	15	-
Other		-	-	117
	33	17	15	117
		·		

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 15. TAXES AND DUTIES PAYABLE

	2010	2010		2009	
	TRY	FC	TRY	FC	
Corporate tax provision	195	-	388	_	
Taxes and duties payable	294	-	169	-	
	489	-	557	_	

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of corporate tax provision and prepaid taxes are as follows:

	2010	2009
Current period corporate tax provision	1.114	1.575
Corporate taxes paid in advance during the year	(919)	(1.187)
Corporate tax provision (net)	195	388
	2010	2009
Corporate tax provision at the beginning of the year	388	306
Total income tax expense	1.114	1.575
Corporate taxes paid during the year	(1.307)	(1.493)
Corporate tax provision (net)	195	388

#### 16. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of reserve for employee benefit liabilities are as follows:

	2010_	2009
Employee bonus accrual	145	110
Reserve for employee severance indemnity	134	100
Unused vacation provision	30	21
	309	231

Under the Turkish Labor Law, the companies are required to pay termination benefits to each employee who has qualified for such amount at the end of its employment contract. Also, employees who are entitled to retirement are required to be paid retirement pay in accordance with the requirements of Act no. 2422 dated 6 March 1981, Act no. 4447 dated 25 August 1999 and the amended Article 60 of the existing Social Insurance Code no. 506. Some transitional provisions related to the pre-retirement service term were excluded from the scope of the Law since the related law was amended on 23 May 2002. As the retirement pay ceiling is revised semi annually, the ceiling amount of TRY full 2.623,23 effective from 1 January 2011 has been taken into consideration in calculation of provision for employee termination benefits.

## İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 16. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Continued)

TAS 19 – "Employee Benefits" requires actuarial valuation methods to be developed to estimate the enterprise's obligation under defined benefit plans. Accordingly, the following actuarial assumptions are used in the calculation of the total liability:

	2010	2009	
Discount rate	4.66%	5.92%	
Probability of retirement	100%	100%	

For the periods ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, movements in retirement pay provision are as follows:

		2009
Balance at the beginning of the period	100	96
Cost of interest	6	5
Cost of services	26	19
Payment made during the period	(37)	(33)
Actuarial difference	39	13
Balance at the end of the period	134	100

Actuarial gains and losses are recorded to income statement.

The movement of the provision for unused vacation during the periods ended 31 December 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

	2010	2009
Balance at the beginning of the period	21	20
Provision set during the period (net)	9	1
Balance at the end of the period	30	21

#### 17. PAID-IN CAPITAL AND CAPITAL RESERVES

As at 31 December 2010, nominal share capital of the Company is TRY 16.000 and the share capital of the Company consists of 1.600.000 issued shares with TRY 0.01 nominal value each.

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, shareholders and their ownership percentages are as follows:

Shareholders	(%)	2010	(%)	2009
İş Finansal Kiralama A.Ş.	78,2311	12.517	78,2311	12.517
Türkiye Sınai Kalkınma Bankası A.Ş.	21,7500	3.480	21,7500	3.480
Trakya Yatırım Holding A.Ş.	0,0063	1	-	-
Camiş Yatırım Holding A.Ş.	0,0063	1	-	-
TSKB Gayrimenkul Değerleme A.Ş.	0,0063	1	0,0063	1
Türkiye Şişe ve Cam Fab. A.Ş.	-	-	0,0063	1
Camiş Madencilik A.Ş.	-	-	0,0063	1
Total	100,0000	16.000	100,0000	16.000

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 17. PAID-IN CAPITAL AND CAPITAL RESERVES (Continued)

Türkiye Şişe va Cam Fabrikaları A.Ş. transferred its 100.000 share capital of the Company with TRY 1 value and shareholding percentage of 0,0063 to Trakya Yatırım Holding A.Ş. and Camiş Madencilik A.Ş. transferred its 100.000 share capital of the Company with TRY 1 value and shareholding percentage 0,0063 to Camiş Yatırım Holding A.Ş. in 2010.

The Company does not have preferred shares.

#### CAPITAL RESERVES

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of capital reserves are as follows:

	2010	2009
Shareholders' equity inflation restatement differences	4.064	4.064
Marketable securities revaluation reserve (*)	7.623	5.383
Bonus shares obtained from associates, subsidiaries and jointly		
controlled entities	1.213	
Total	12.900	9.447

<sup>(\*)</sup> Resulted from valuation of the Company's available for sale financial assets which are publicly traded.

#### Marketable Securities Revaluation Reserve:

Marketable securities revaluation reserve arises as a result of valuation of available for sale financial assets at their fair values. In case of disposing a financial asset valued at fair value, a portion of the revaluation reserve in connection with the disposed asset is immediately recognized in profit or loss. If the revalued financial asset is permanently impaired, a portion of the revaluation fund in connection with the impaired financial asset is also recognized in profit or loss.

#### Bonus shares obtained from associates, subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities:

Bonus shares obtained from associates, subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities arise as a result of the capital increase of the associates, subsidiaries and jointly controlled entities from their capital reserves that are not stems from profit or loss.

#### 18. PROFIT RESERVES

	2010	2009
T 1	1.021	(71
Legal reserves	1.031	671
Extraordinary reserves	14.590_	7.756
Total	15.621	8.427

The legal reserves consist of first and second legal reserves, appropriated in accordance with the Turkish Commercial Code. The first legal reserve is appropriated out of historical statutory profits at the rate of 5% per annum, until the total reserve reaches 20% of the historical paid-in share capital. The second legal reserve is appropriated after the first legal reserve and dividends, at the rate of 10% per annum of all cash dividend distributions. Legal reserves, if less than 50% of the paid-in capital, can only be used to net-off the losses.

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 19. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

As at 31 December 2010, TRY 183 of letters of guarantee are given to customs, authorities and banks (31 December 2009: TRY 1.164).

As at 31 December 2010, the Company has no commitments in connection with irrevocable commitments (31 December 2009: None)

As at the reporting date, the Company does not have any guarantees, pledges or mortgages given for the purpose of guaranteeing any third party payables.

Tax inspections covering the whole factoring sector on accounting period of the year 2008 has been initiated by the Revenue Administration Department of Ministry of Finance of Turkish Republic and the Company's subsidiary, İş Factoring, has been investigated in this respect. Based on the inspections on the accounts of factoring companies, the amounts that is recorded under unearned revenue account and recognized as income when they are realized and the principal amounts related to the provision for impaired factoring receivables arising from factoring transactions at either law-suit or execution stage for which no revenue has been recorded have been subjected to critics. In this context, İş Factoring has paid the tax penalty charged amounting to TRY 311 on 23 June 2010 and recognized this amount as expense in the accompanying income statement.

As at 31 December 2010, details of derivatives are as follows (31 December 2009: None):

	2010		
	Foreign Currency		
	Amount	TRY	
Forward purchase contracts: USD	3.214.568	4.970	
		4.970	
Forward sale contracts:			
Euro	2.561.130	5.248	
		5.248	

All forward purchase and sale contracts are short-term. As at 31 December 2010, the Company has TRY 278 of unrealized loss in relation to the fair value changes of forward transactions designated at through profit or loss (Note 4) (31 December 2009: None).

#### 20. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company provides factoring services only in Turkey. Furthermore, there is not business segments whose financial performance is reviewed by the Company's management separately. Hence, the Company has not disclosed report on geographical segments.

#### 21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Ordinary General Assembly of the Company will be held on 23 March 2011. As per the resolution of the Board of Directors numbered 2011/192, transfer of net distributable current year profit to extraordinary reserves is decided to be submitted to the approval of the General Assembly.

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 22. OPERATING INCOME

For the periods ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of operating income are as follows:

	2010	2009
Interest income from factoring receivables Fee and commission from factoring receivables	17.469 1.202	13.260 887
	18.671	14.147

#### 23. OPERATING EXPENSES

For the periods ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of operating expenses are as follows:

	2010	2009
Demonstrate of company	(2.190)	(1.700)
Personnel expenses	(2.180)	(1.789)
Office rent expenses	(200)	(205)
Consultancy expenses	(114)	(97)
Vehicle expenses	(105)	(103)
Information technology expenses	(68)	(53)
Depreciation and amortisation expense	(44)	(38)
Provision for employee severance indemnity	(34)	(4)
Increase in liability for unused vacation	(9)	(1)
Other general administrative expenses	(1.116)	(382)
	(3.870)	(2.672)

# 24. OTHER OPERATING INCOME

For the periods ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of other operating income are as follows:

	2010	2009
Interest income	10.785	6.847
Foreign exchange gains	3.015	435
Dividend income	1.504	377
Collections from non-performing receivables	335	281
Others	105	1.128
	15.744	9.068

# 25. FINANCIAL EXPENSES

For the periods ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of financial expenses are as follows:

	2010	2009
Interest expense	(20.921)	(10.807)
Fee and commission expense	(172)	(198)
-	(21.093)	(11.005)

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 26. ALLOWANCE FOR NON-PERFORMING RECEIVABLES

For the periods ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of provision for non-performing receivables are as follows:

	2010	2009
Secrifica manada a companya	(15)	(106)
Specific provision expenses	(15)	(196)
	(15)	(196)

#### 27. OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES

For the periods ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of other operating expenses are as follows:

	2010	2009
Foreign exchange losses	(2.641)	(404)
Losses from derivative financial transactions	(278)	-
Impairment losses on marketable securities	(115)	-
	(3.034)	(404)

#### 28. TAXATION

For the periods ended 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of income tax expense are as follows:

	2010	2009
Current tax charge	(1.114)	(1.575)
Deferred tax benefit / (expense)	72	(169)
	(1.042)	(1.744)

The reported income tax expenses for the year is different than the amounts computed by applying the statutory tax rate of the Company to profit before income tax of the Company, as shown in the following reconciliation:

	<u>%</u>	2010	%	2009
Net profit for the period Total tax income		5.361 1.042		7.194 1.744
Profit before tax		6.403		8.938
Income tax using the Company's tax rate	20.00	1.281	20.00	1.788
- Non deductible expenses	0,87	56	0,04	4
- Tax exempt income	(4,60)	(295)	(0,53)	(48)
Total income tax expense	16.27	1.042	19.51	1.744

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 28. TAXATION (Continued)

#### Corporate Tax

The Company is subject to the Turkish corporate taxes. Provision is made in the accompanying financial statements for the estimated charge based on the Company's results for the period.

Corporate tax is applied on taxable corporate income, which is calculated from the statutory accounting profit by adding non-deductible expenses, and by deducting dividends received from resident companies, other exempt income and investment incentives utilized.

As at 31 December 2010, corporate income tax rate is 20% (31 December 2009: 20%).

In Turkey, advance tax returns are filed on a quarterly basis. The advance corporate income tax rate in 2010 is 20% (2009: 20%). Under the Turkish taxation system, tax losses can be carried forward up to five years. Tax losses can not be carried back to offset profit from previous periods.

In Turkey, there is no procedure for a final and definitive agreement on tax assessments. Companies file their tax returns between 1 April and 25 April of the following year (between 1st and 25th of the following 4. month of the tax year for the tax responsible who have special tax years). Tax authorities may, however, examine such returns and the underlying accounting records and may revise assessments within five years.

### **Income Withholding Tax:**

In addition to corporate taxes, companies should also calculate income withholding taxes and funds surcharge on any dividends distributed, except for companies receiving dividends who are resident companies in Turkey and Turkish branches of foreign companies. The rate of income withholding tax is 10% period between 24 April 2003 and 22 July 2006. This rate was changed to 15% with the cabinet decision numbered 2006/10731 commencing from 22 June 2006. Undistributed dividends incorporated in share capital are not subject to income withholding taxes.

### **Transfer Pricing:**

In Turkey, the transfer pricing provisions have been stated under the Article 13 of Corporate Tax Law with the heading of "disguised profit distribution via transfer pricing". The General Communiqué on disguised profit distribution via Transfer Pricing sets details about implementation.

If a taxpayer enters into transactions regarding sale or purchase of goods and services with related parties, where the prices are not set in accordance with arm's length principle, then related profits are considered to be distributed in a disguised manner through transfer pricing. Such disguised profit distributions through transfer pricing are not accepted as tax deductible for corporate income tax purposes.

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 29. EARNINGS PER SHARE

The Company's shares are not traded on the stock exchange market, therefore, earnings per share is not calculated in the accompanying financial statements.

# 30. OTHER ISSUES THAT SIGNIFICANTLY AFFECT THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OR OTHER ISSUES REQUIRED FOR UNDERSTANDING OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

None.

#### 31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

# (a) Capital risk management

The Company manages its capital by sustaining its status as a going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders through the optimization of the debt and the equity balance.

Although there is no change in the capital risk management strategy in 2010, the debt/equity ratio is 17% as at 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: 37%). As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the leverage ratios are as follows:

		2010	2009
	Funds borrowed	425.892	234.111
	Factoring payables	605	-
	Miscellaneous payables	50	132
	Total liabilities	426.547	234.243
	Banks (-)	(131.931)	(123.271)
	Net liabilities	294.616	110.972
	Total shareholders' equity	49.882	41.068
	Shareholders' equity / liabilities	17%	37%
(b)	Categories of financial instruments		
		2010	2009
	Financial assets:		
	Banks	131.931	123.271
	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
	- Financial assets held for trading	74	139
	Factoring receivables and non-performing factoring receivables	331.320	142.899
	Financial assets available for sale	13.864	9.546
	Financial Liabilities:		
	Funds borrowed	(425.892)	(234.111)
	Factoring payables	(605)	-
	Miscellaneous payables	(50)	(132)

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (c) Financial risk management objectives

The Company management is responsible for coordinating access to domestic and international markets, monitoring and managing the financial risks relating to the operations of the Company. Such risks include market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk and price risk), liquidity risk and credit risk.

### (d) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as foreign exchange rates (refer to section e), interest rates (refer to section f) and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. At the Company level, market risk exposures are measured by sensitivity analysis.

The Company uses derivative instruments to minimize the effects of such risks and it also uses such instruments for hedging. The Company does not enter into or trade any financial instruments (including derivative financial instruments) for speculative purposes.

There has been no change in the Company's exposure to market risks or the method it uses to manage and measure such risks.

### (e) Currency risk management

Currency risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company has exposure to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing foreign currency exchange rates on its financial position and cash flows. The Company manages its foreign currency risk arising from its operations and cash flows of financial contracts by monitoring in a timely manner.

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, details of foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are as follows:

31 December 2010 (*)	USD <u>000</u>	Euro <u>000</u>	GBP <u>000</u>	TRY <u>Equivalent</u>
Banks Factoring receivables	118 7.967	6.969 4.074	14 179	14.495 21.091
Other assets	4	-	-	6
Total assets	8.089	11.043	193	35.592
Factoring Payables Funds borrowed Miscellaneous payables Total liabilities (**)	(11.182) (1) (11.183)	(73) (8.267) (8) (8.348)	(178) - (178)	(150) (34.653) (17) (34.820)
Balance sheet position	(3.094)	2.695	15	772
Off balance sheet position	3.215	(2.561)		(278)
Net foreign currency position	121	134	15	494

<sup>(\*)</sup> Foreign currency indexed borrowings amounting to USD 6.935 (Total: TRY 11) and foreign currency indexed factoring receivables amounting to USD 1.269.016 (Total: TRY 1.961) are presented in TRY column in the accompanying financial statements.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Derivative financial liabilities amounting to TRY 278 is not taken into consideration.

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (e) Currency risk management (Continued)

	USD	Euro	GBP	TRY
31 December 2009 (***)	<u>000</u>	<u>000</u>	<u>000</u>	<u>Equivalent</u>
Banks	80	66	11	290
Factoring receivables	884	136	-	1.625
Total assets	964	202	11	1.915
Funds borrowed	(789)	(134)	-	(1.478)
Miscellaneous payables and other liabilities	(1)	(54)	-	(117)
Total liabilities	(790)	(188)	-	(1.595)
Balance sheet position	174	14	11	320
Off balance sheet position		-	-	
Net foreign currency position	174	14	11	320

<sup>(\*\*\*)</sup> Foreign currency indexed borrowings amounting to USD 789.000 (Total: TRY 1.188) and foreign currency indexed factoring receivables amounting to USD 884.247 (Total: TRY 1.331) are presented in TRY column in the accompanying balance sheet.

#### Foreign currency sensitivity

The Company is mainly exposed to USD and Euro exchange rate risks. The table below indicates the sensitivity of the Company to USD and Euro when there is a 15% of change in such exchange rates. The Company uses 15% of rate change when it reports its foreign currency risk to the top management and this rate represents the top management's expectation on the exchange rate fluctuations. Sensitivity analysis made in relation to the Company's exposure to foreign currency at the reporting period is determined based on the fluctuations at the beginning of the fiscal year and the analysis are fixed during the reporting period. Positive amount refers to an increase in the net profit.

	Profit /	(Loss)	Equity <sup>(*)</sup>		
	Appreciation	Depreciation	Appreciation	Depreciation	
	of foreign	of foreign	of foreign	of foreign	
<u>2010</u>	currency	currency	currency	currency	
15% change of the USD against TRY					
1- Net USD asset/liability	(717)	(717)	(717)	(717)	
2- Hedged portion of TRY against USD risk (-)	745	745	745	745	
3- Net effect of USD (1+2)	28	28	28	28	
15% change of the Euro against TRY					
4- Net Euro asset/liability	828	828	828	828	
5- Hedged portion of TRY against Euro risk (-)	(787)	(787)	(787)	(787)	
6- Net effect of Euro (4+5)	41	41	41	41	
15% change of other currencies against TRY	_	_	_	_	
7- Net other currencies asset/liability	5	5	5	5	
8- Hedged portion of TRY against other					
currency risk (-)		<u>-</u>	-	<u>-</u>	
9- Net effect of other currencies (7+8)	5	5	5	5_	
TOTAL (3+6+9)	74	74	74	74	
(*) Includes profit/loss affect					

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (e) Currency risk management (Continued)

Foreign currency sensitivity (Continued)

	Profit /	(Loss)	Equity(*)		
	Appreciation of foreign	Depreciation of foreign	Appreciation of foreign	Depreciation of foreign	
<u>2009</u>	currency	currency	currency	Currency	
15% change of the USD against TRY					
1- Net USD asset/liability	39	(39)	39	(39)	
2- Hedged portion of TRY against USD risk (-)	-	<u> </u>	=	<u> </u>	
3- Net effect of USD (1+2)	39	(39)	39	(39)	
15% change of the Euro against TRY 4- Net Euro asset/liability 5. Hadged portion of TRY against Euro right ( )	5	(5)	5	(5)	
5- Hedged portion of TRY against Euro risk (-) 6- Net effect of Euro (4+5)	5	(5)	5	(5)	
<ul><li>15% change of other currencies against TRY</li><li>7- Net other currencies asset/liability</li><li>8- Hedged portion of TRY against other</li></ul>	4	(4)	4	(4)	
currency risk (-)	-	-	-		
9- Net effect of other currencies (7+8)	4	(4)	4	(4)	
TOTAL (3+6+9)	48	(48)	48	(48)	

<sup>(\*)</sup> Includes profit/loss effect.

#### (f) Interest risk management

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk as the Company borrows funds at both fixed and variable rates. Such risk is managed by making a proper classification between fixed and variable rate liabilities.

#### Interest rate sensitivity

The interest rate sensitivity analysis below is based on the Company's exposure to interest rate risk at the reporting date and estimated interest rate fluctuations at the beginning of the fiscal year, and is fixed during the reporting period. The Company management makes its sensitivity analysis based on a 100 base point interest rate fluctuation scenario. This rate is also used in reporting to the top management of the Company.

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (f) Interest risk management (Continued)

As at 31 December 2010 and 2009, the interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments is as follows:

Interest Position Table					
	2010	2009			
Fixed rate instruments					
Financial assets:					
Banks	131.931	123.271			
Factoring receivables	119.576	55.524			
Financial liabilities:					
Funds borrowed	334.808	198.821			
Variable rate instruments					
Financial assets:					
Factoring receivables	211.744	87.375			
Financial liabilities:					
Funds borrowed	91.084	35.290			

If interest rates were 100 base points higher at the reporting date and all other variables were fixed:

- Interest income from variable rate factoring contracts would increase by TRY 1.196.
- Interest expense from variable rate funds borrowed (borrowings) would increase by TRY 911.

# (g) Other price risks

The Company is exposed to equity share price risks because of equity investments. Equity securities are held especially for strategic purposes rather than trading purposes. These investments are not traded by the Company.

### Equity price sensitivity

Sensitivity analysis below is determined based on the equity share price risks exposed as at the reporting date.

If data used in the valuation method were 15% higher/lower and all other variables were fixed:

- There would not be any difference in the net profit/loss to the extent that equity investments are classified as available or are not disposed of or are not subject to impairment.
- Revaluation reserve under equity would increase/decrease by TRY 1.199 (for the period ended 31 December 2009: TRY 1.377). It is mainly because of changes in fair value of the available for sale equity securities.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (1) Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Company. The Company has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Company's exposure to credit risks and credit ratings of its counterparties are monitored periodically. Credit exposure is controlled by counterparty limits that are reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors.

Factoring receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable.

Sectoral allocation of factoring receivables is as follows:

	2010 %	2009 %
Energy, gas, water and petroleum resources	29,94	11,08
Metal industry	12,02	12,97
Food and beverage	11,08	14,89
Health	9,86	7,46
Chemical, plastic and pharmacy	9,36	4,81
Household appliance	5,36	9,12
Forestry products	4,61	4,47
Computer systems	4,54	10,72
Rubber products manufacturing	2,34	3,40
Textile	1,20	2,59
Printing industry	0,78	1,71
Wholesale trading and brokerage	0,30	1,11
Glass, tile and cement	0,01	8,64
Other	8,60	7,03
	100,00	100,00

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#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (h) Credit risk management (Continued)

As at 31 December 2010, details of exposure to credit risk based on categories of financial instruments are as follows:

#### Factoring Receivables Financial assets at Available for sale fair value through 31 December 2010 Related party Third party Cash at banks profit or loss financial assets 31.627 131.931 74 Exposure to maximum credit risk as at reporting date (\*) 299.693 - The portion of maximum risk covered by guarantee 1.500 A. Net carrying value of financial assets which are neither impaired nor overdue 31.627 299.652 131.931 74 - The portion covered by guarantee 1.500 B. Net carrying value of financial assets that are restricted, otherwise which will be regarded as overdue or impaired 41 C. Net carrying value of financial assets which are overdue but not impaired - The portion covered by guarantee D. Net carrying value of impaired assets - Overdue (gross book value) 2.651 (2.651)- Impairment (-) - Covered portion of net book value (with letter of guarantee etc) (\*\*) - Not past due (gross book value) - Impairment (-) - Covered portion of net book value (with letter of guarantee etc) (\*\*)

E. Off balance sheet items with credit risks

<sup>(\*)</sup> Credit enhancing items such as; guarantees received, are not taken into account in the calculation.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Includes collaterals for the assets impaired but not overdue.

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

# 31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (h) Credit risk management (Continued)

As at 31 December 2009, details of exposure to credit risk based on categories of financial instruments are as follows:

	<u>ceivables</u>				
31 December 2009	Related party Third party		Cash at banks	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Available for sale financial assets
Exposure to maximum credit risk as at reporting date (*)	13.366	129.533	123.271	139	-
- The portion of maximum risk covered by guarantee	-	7.515	-	-	-
A. Net carrying value of financial assets which are neither impaired nor overdue - The portion covered by guarantee	13.366	129.160 7.515	123.271	139	-
B. Net carrying value of financial assets that are restricted, otherwise which will be regarded as overdue or impaired	-	266	-	-	-
C. Net carrying value of financial assets which are overdue but not impaired - The portion covered by guarantee	-	-	-	-	
D. Net carrying value of impaired assets  - Overdue (gross book value)	- - -	107 3.078 (2.971)	-	-	-
<ul> <li>Impairment (-)</li> <li>Covered portion of net book value (with letter of guarantee etc) (**)</li> <li>Not past due (gross book value)</li> </ul>	-	(2.7/1)	-	-	- -
<ul><li>Impairment (-)</li><li>Covered portion of net book value (with letter of guarantee etc) (**)</li></ul>	-	-	-	-	-
E. Off balance sheet items with credit risks	-	-	-	-	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> Credit enhancing items such as; guarantees received, are not taken into account in the calculation.

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> Includes collaterals for the assets impaired but not overdue.

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

### 31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

#### (i) Liquidity risk management

The Company management has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Company's short, medium and long term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages its liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and reserve borrowing facilities by constantly monitoring forecasts and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profile of financial assets and liabilities.

### Liquidity risk table

The following table details the Company's expected maturity for its non derivative financial assets and liabilities. The tables below have been prepared based on the earliest dates for collections and disbursements of the Company's assets and liabilities. Interest amounts to be collected and disbursed on the Company's assets and liabilities have also been included in the table below:

20	1	0
20	1	υ

Contractual Maturities	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows (I+II+III+IV)	Less than 3 Months (I)	3-12 Months (II)	1-5 Years (III)	More than 5 Years (IV)
Non-derivative financial assets						
Banks Factoring receivables	131.931 331.320 463.251	132.239 331.742 463.981	132.239 291.783 424.022	39.959 39.959	- - -	- - -
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Factoring payables	605	605	605	-	-	_
Funds borrowed	425.892	428.859	397.069	31.790	-	-
Miscellaneous payables and other liabilities	50	50	50	-	-	
	426.547	429.514	397.724	31.790	-	_

The Company makes payments based on contractual maturities.

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (i) Liquidity risk management (Continued)

### 2009

Contractual Maturities	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows (I+II+III+IV)	Less than 3 Months (I)	3-12 Months (II)	1-5 Years (III)	More than 5 Years (IV)
Non-derivative financial assets						
Banks Factoring receivables	123.271 142.899	124.552 143.064	124.552 104.751	38.313	-	-
, g	266.170	267.616	229.303	38.313	-	
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Funds borrowed	234.111	234.948	234.422	526	-	-
Miscellaneous payables	132	132	132	<u>-</u>	-	-
	234.243	235.080	234.554	526	-	_

The following table details the maturities of derivative financial assets and liabilities as at 31 December 2010 (31 December 2009: None).

Contractual Maturities	Net Cash Outflow	Contractual Cash Flows (I+II+III+IV)	Less than 3 Months (I)	3-12 Months (II)	1-5 Years (III)	More than 5 Years (IV)
Derivative cash inflows	- (270)	4.970	-	4.970	-	-
Derivative cash outflows	(278)	(5.248)	-	(5.248)	-	-

#### (i) Fair value of financial instruments

The Company management estimates that the carrying amount of the financial assets and liabilities approximate to their fair value.

Fair value of the financial instruments is determined based on the reliable data provided from financial markets. Fair value of other financial assets is determined by the benchmarking market value of a similar financial asset or by assumption methods which includes discounting future cash flows with current interest rates.

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

# 31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

# (i) Fair value of financial instruments

The table below refers to the comparison of carrying amounts and fair values of financial instruments which are carried at other than their fair value in the financial statements.

31 December 2010	Financial assets and liabilities held for trading	Financial assets at amortized cost	Loans and receivables	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Carrying amount	Fair value	Note
Financial Assets Banks Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - Financial assets held for trading	- 74	131.931	-	-	131.931 74	131.931 74	5
Factoring receivables and non-performing factoring receivables	-	-	331.320	-	331.320	331.320	7
Financial liabilities Factoring payables Miscellaneous payables Funds borrowed	- -	-	- -	605 50 425.892	605 50 425.892	605 50 425.892	7 13
31 December 2009	Financial assets and liabilities held for trading	Financial assets at amortized cost	Loans and receivables	Financial liabilities at amortised cost	Carrying amount	Fair value	
<u>Financial Assets</u> Banks Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	-	123.271	-	-	123.271	123.271	5
- Financial assets held for trading	139	-	-	-	139	139	4
Factoring receivables and non-performing factoring receivables	-	-	142.899	-	142.899	142.899	7
Financial liabilities Miscellaneous payables Funds borrowed	-	-	- -	132 234.111	132 234.111	132 234.111	13

# İŞ FACTORING FİNANSMAN HİZMETLERİ A.Ş.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2010

(Amounts are expressed in thousands of Turkish Lira ("TRY") unless otherwise stated.)

#### 31. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ABOUT FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

### (k) Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices)

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

<b>3</b> 1 December 2010	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
* )				
Financial assets designated at fair value through				
<mark>β</mark> rofit or loss	-	74	-	74
Available-for-sale financial assets (*)	13.608	_	227	13.835
Total financial assets carried at fair value	13.608	74	227	13.909
berivative financial liabilities held for trading	-	278	-	278
Total financial liabilities carried at fair value	-	278	-	278

(\*) As at 31 December 2010, securities that are not publicly traded amounting to TRY 29 have been measured at cost.

1 December 2009	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
)				
Financial assets designated at fair value through				
profit or loss	139	-	-	139
Available-for-sale financial assets (*)	9.184	-	-	9.184
Aotal financial assets carried at fair value	9.323	-	-	9.323
Perivative financial liabilities held for trading	-	-	-	_
Total financial liabilities carried at fair value	-	-	-	-

<sup>(\*)</sup> As at 31 December 2009, securities that are not publicly traded amounting to TRY 362 have been measured at cost.